

Key Vocabulary:

abyss	A layer of the ocean between 4000-6000m deep.
algae	A simple, plant-like organism that does not have ordinary roots, stems or leaves that grows in the water.
coral	A hard, rock like substance made by polyps as an external skeleton. Large coral islands or reefs can be found in warm seas.
current	The continuous flow of water in a particular direction.
habitat	A natural environment where animals and plants live.
ocean	A very large area of sea. There are five oceans on the planet: Pacific, Atlantic, Indian, Arctic and Southern (Antarctic)
pollution	The damage caused to an environment when toxic or harmful substances are introduced.
reef	A long line of rocks, coral or sand that form just below the ocean's surface.
tide	The rise and fall of the oceans that is caused by the gravitational pull of the Sun and the Moon. There are usually two high tides and two low tides a day.
tropical	When weather is hot and humid, or when something exists between the

Diagrams/Images:



Key Facts:

Our oceans cover more than 70% of the Earth's surface.

94% of the Earth's living species exist in the oceans.

Every year, 8 million tons of plastics enter our ocean on top of the estimated 150 million tons that currently circulate our marine environments.

Coral's are in fact animals not plants.

Coral reefs provide a natural habitat and massive protection for different species of fish.

What I should already know:

The names and locations of the World's 5 oceans

Know how animals and plants depend upon one another in order to exist

Be able to name a variety of plants and animals in their habitats, including microhabitats

Know that different habitats provide for the basic needs of different kinds of